

Hawaiian Gazette.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, January 28.—Last 24 hours' rainfall, .56.
Temperature, Max. 75; Min. 65. Weather, variable.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.45c.; Per Ton, \$69.70.
88 Analysis Beets, 8s. 9d.; Per Ton, \$76.40.

VOL. L No. 9

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1907.

—SEMI-WEEKLY

WHOLE 2872

FIREMEN WILL GET VACATION AND THEIR PAY

Supervisors So Decide at Last Night's Meeting—Movement Is Started to Raise Garbage Rates.

The Board of Supervisors had a quiet meeting last night at which no business of very great importance was transacted, though a lot of routine work was disposed of.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the fire department to allow its employees a vacation of twelve days during each year, on full pay.

Tax Assessor Holt put forward a scheme whereby small wage-earners in the county employ could pay their taxes on the instalment plan.

It was decided to take steps to see what can be done in the matter of raising garbage rates, which at present bring in much less money than it costs to run the department.

Present were: Chairman Hustace, Supervisor-at-Large Harvey, Supervisors Dwight, Archer, Fern, Cox, Kealoha, Clerks Kalaokalani, Buffandeau, Hanale, Stenographer Aea, Deputy County Attorney Olson, Parkkeeper Kailimai, Capt. Sam Johnson, County Engineer Gere, D. Kalaokalani Sr., George Sea, Fire Chief Thurston.

After the minutes of the last meeting had been read, the following bills were passed:

BILLS.

Fixed salaries	\$ 1494.77
County Clerk	310.00
County Auditor	120.00
County Treasurer	120.00
County Attorney	636.50
County Engineer	425.00
Foundmaster	30.00
Keepers of parks	200.00
Road department	1919.00
Garbage department	200.00
Fire department	3675.00
Kaplanian park	363.00
Electric light department	724.50
Police and fire alarm system	165.25
Hawaiian band	1550.00
Police department	5509.00

REPORTS.

The report of Auditor Bicknell for the past year was read and filed.

The old board spent \$564,007.99 during their term of office, leaving a balance of \$18,765.67.

Sheriff Brown spent \$106,577.72 on the police department during the year, exclusive of his salary of \$2100. Fire Chief Thurston was the second highest spender with the total of \$55,026.28.

The expenses of the auditor's office were \$3,753.50 and Treasurer Trent managed to get along with \$4,084.90.

The county attorney's office got \$10,472.42 and the county clerk's office \$6,308.60. Expenses in the latter department were kept down remarkably considering that its office force is larger than that of any other county office.

The garbage department spent \$23,569.98 and took in only \$6,949.

The road department got away with the trifling of \$165,688.72, expended on the roads of the city. The outlay on the roads of the outside districts totaled \$62,657.08.

The county treasurer's report covering the same period was read and filed.

These reports will be looked into by

the board and, if found correct, will be published, as required by law.

The county engineer handed in inventories of tools and equipments of the road districts of Ewa, Waianae, Wailua, Koolaula and Koolau, which was read and ordered filed.

LIGHTS NEEDED.

Mrs. H. A. Lindley called the attention of the board to the fact that an electric light is needed at the Kalili end of Judd street near the residence of S. M. Ballou. The matter was referred to the proper committee.

FOR BETTER ROADS.

The following communication from Secretary Wood of the Promotion Committee was read:

It gives me pleasure to enclose, herewith, copy of a resolution passed this afternoon by the Hawaii Promotion Committee, which I trust you may find it convenient to bring to the attention of the Board of Supervisors.

Respectfully yours,

H. P. WOOD,

Secretary.

Whereas, A good road affording easy walking for the pedestrian, economical carting for the man living in the country and pleasant traveling by carriage and auto is one of the greatest assets any community can possibly have, appealing, as it does, to the pleasure and necessity of all classes and

Whereas, The material is readily obtainable in Hawaii for making the best of roads at the least expense.

Therefore be it Resolved, That the determination of the present Board of Supervisors to continue the work of road construction and repair, until the island of Oahu is completely girdled by a well macadamized road and every leading thoroughfare is in good condition, both in and out of the City of

(Continued on Page Ten.)

NOVEL IDEA IS REJECTED

Information Branch of Education Office Perfect.

A proposal to make temporary exchanges of local teachers with teachers in other lands, submitted by Vice Principal Robert Law of the Royal school, was voted by the Board of Education yesterday to be impracticable. It is said that Mr. Law had presented to him the opportunity of making such an exchange with a teacher in New Zealand. Evidently the Commissioners do not regard the time as ripe—or perhaps it is a matter of unripe educational financiering—for the Hawaiian public schools to make an arrangement with those over seas similar to that lately adopted by American and European universities for swapping lecturers.

Clinton J. Hutchins, the newly appointed Commissioner, was introduced at this meeting to his colleagues by Superintendent W. H. Babbitt and made a brief response to his cordial welcome. The other members of the Board present were W. R. Farrington, David L. Al and Mrs. J. M. Dowsett.

Appointments to schools on Hawaii made by Inspector Charles King were confirmed as follows:

Mrs. M. Koki, assistant at Waimea.
Miss Louise Dale, assistant at High school, Hilo.

Miss Guard, transferred from Haahoe to Union school, Hilo.

Mrs. H. Ludloff, to Haahoe.

Mrs. Overend, temporary principal at Honokaa.

J. W. Marsh, assistant at Papaikou.

Miss L. Macy, assistant at Pohakupoko.

Mrs. Olney, assistant at Honokaa.

A recommendation by Miss Paris, school agent, for an increase of salary to Mr. Pohina, at Miloli, Kona, was not entertained.

Mrs. Nettie L. Scott's application for a life diploma was laid on the table.

Miss Helen Smith's resignation from the Royal school was accepted.

The requested opinion of the Attorney General on the law relating to private schools had not come to hand.

No report was yet ready from the committee on the new geography manuscript.

Miss Mary F. Potter was granted a leave of absence, for not to exceed two months, from Union school, Hilo.

Mr. Babbitt announced the arrival of Edward B. Blanchard, the science teacher for the High school, Honolulu. (Continued on Page Seven.)

ADULTERATED BEVERAGES

Geo. Davis' Bill Against Their Sale in the Territory.

Judge George A. Davis has prepared the following bill "To Prevent the Sale of Adulterated Liquor," which he will submit for approval to the Republican Territorial Central Committee at the request of several Representatives and Senators.

AN ACT TO PREVENT THE SALE OF ADULTERATED LIQUOR.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii.

Liquor within the meaning of this Act shall mean all intoxicating liquor and includes ale, and wine.

Section I. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation or any person, firm or corporation licensed to sell intoxicating liquors under the provisions of "The Liquor License Act of 1907," to manufacture for sale or human consumption, sell, keep for sale or expose for sale for human consumption any adulterated liquor within the Territory of Hawaii.

Section II. Any person, firm or corporation or any person, firm or corporation holding a license under the provisions of "The Liquor License Act of 1907," who shall manufacture for sale, for human consumption, or any person, firm or corporation who shall knowingly sell, keep for sale or expose for sale for human consumption any adulterated liquor in this Territory, or intending to sell the same in this Territory shall have any such liquor in its or their possession or on its or their premises shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars for each offense.

Section III. Adulterated liquor within the meaning of this Act shall mean and include any liquor which shall contain any poisonous or deleterious substance, poisonous extract, noxious drug or compound or any other poisonous liquid in such quantity as to be dangerous to drink by the glass and unfit for human consumption.

Section IV. The several District Magistrates throughout the Territory within their respective districts shall have jurisdiction to cause the arrest of, try and convict all offenders against the provisions of this Act subject to appeal.

Section V. It shall be the duty of the several Chief Inspectors of the several licensed districts in this Territory holding office under the provisions of "The Liquor License Act of 1907," to cause the arrest and prosecution of all offenders against the provisions of this Act.

Section VI. It shall be lawful for the said Chief Inspectors within their respective districts when they have reason to suspect or believe that any such liquor is being manufactured, sold kept for sale, exposed for sale or which may be on the premises of any person for the purpose of sale for human consumption in this Territory to enter into or upon any shop, building, house, (Continued on Page Seven.)

WORLD'S NEWS CONDENSED

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

BERLIN, January 26.—The election returns show a victory for the government by twenty seats. The Socialists will return to the Reichstag with a loss of eighteen members.

The main issue fought out in the German elections was in regard to the colonial policy of the government. The Kaiser was behind the government in demanding a large vote for the maintenance of the German colonial possessions, a demand which the Socialists vigorously opposed. Great interest centered in the result of the election, for had the Socialists won and carried out their threat of refusing to vote the colonial supplies the Kaiser had threatened to again dissolve the Reichstag. This would have brought the Kaiser and the people into direct conflict, the consequences of which have been canvassed in advance by the European press.

WASHINGTON, January 29.—Secretary of War Taft has asked the Senate committee to appropriate three hundred and fifty thousand dollars for fortifications for Hawaii in addition to the two hundred and sixty thousand dollars now available.

PEKING, China, January 25.—The Russian Army is to immediately complete the evacuation of Manchuria.

MADRID, Spain, January 25.—The Conservative ministry of Premier Maura has been approved by the government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 25.—The House has passed a bill providing for an additional Federal Judge in the Northern and Southern district of California.

ROME, Italy, January 25.—Mount Aetna is active.

Slight earthquakes have been felt here.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey, January 25.—An unknown ship has foundered in the Black Sea.

Sixty workmen among the crew were drowned.

LONDON, England, January 25.—It is rumored that Sir Alexander Swettenham, Governor-in-Chief of Jamaica, has resigned.

BELEFAST, Ireland, January 26.—By a vote of 835,000 to 90,000 the Laborites rejected the amendments to their party constitution embodying in it socialistic doctrines.

TOULON, January 26.—Fire at the government depots yesterday did damage to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars. Twenty persons were injured.

GRODNO, Russia, January 26.—In a riot here yesterday five policemen and a prison keeper were killed by the terrorists. The riot was finally suppressed by the police.

CANNES, January 27.—There was a collision here yesterday between the troops and the populace over the eviction of the seminarists.

NEW YORK, January 26.—Dr. C. W. Townsend, prominent in the city, was mysteriously shot at his home today. It is believed he is fatally injured.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Dr. Townsend is dead. He refused to give the name of his slayer.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 26.—John Siemsen, the gaspipe murderer condemned to death, was taken to San Quentin prison today.

BERLIN, January 26.—Emperor William has publicly extended his congratulations to von Buelow on his success in the elections. The Socialists lost heavily.

OAKLAND, January 27.—A sister of the well known citizen, Frank Turpin, has committed suicide because of financial troubles.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Lasker defeated Marshall in the opening international chess game.

WASHINGTON, January 27.—The President and Cabinet were in conference yesterday on the car shortage.

BERLIN, January 28.—Emperor William celebrated his forty-eighth birthday yesterday by issuing an ordinance waiving the penalties in all prosecutions for lese-majeste in which the offenders are ignorant of the law.

ROME, January 28.—A Te Deum was sung by order of the Pope yesterday in honor of the Kaiser, who is the first Protestant monarch to have ever received this attention.

BERLIN, January 28.—The American and German representatives who have been in conference regarding a tariff arrangement between the two countries have reached a basis upon which a treaty may be drawn, subject to the approval of President Roosevelt and the Kaiser.

COLOMBO, Ceylon, January 28.—The S. S. Seidlitz arrived yesterday at Point de Galles with her cargo on fire. Her passengers and mail have been rescued by the British cruiser Diadem.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—The contracts for work on the Panama canal construction are awarded to W. D. Oliver.

COLON, Panama, January 29.—Two hundred West Indian laborers are quarantined here, smallpox having broken out among them.

SYDNEY, January 29.—Eleven cases of bubonic plague have been reported by the health authorities here.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 29.—The Allis-Chalmers company, manufacturers, have been fined \$4000 for a breach of the immigration law, having been convicted of importing English workmen under contract.

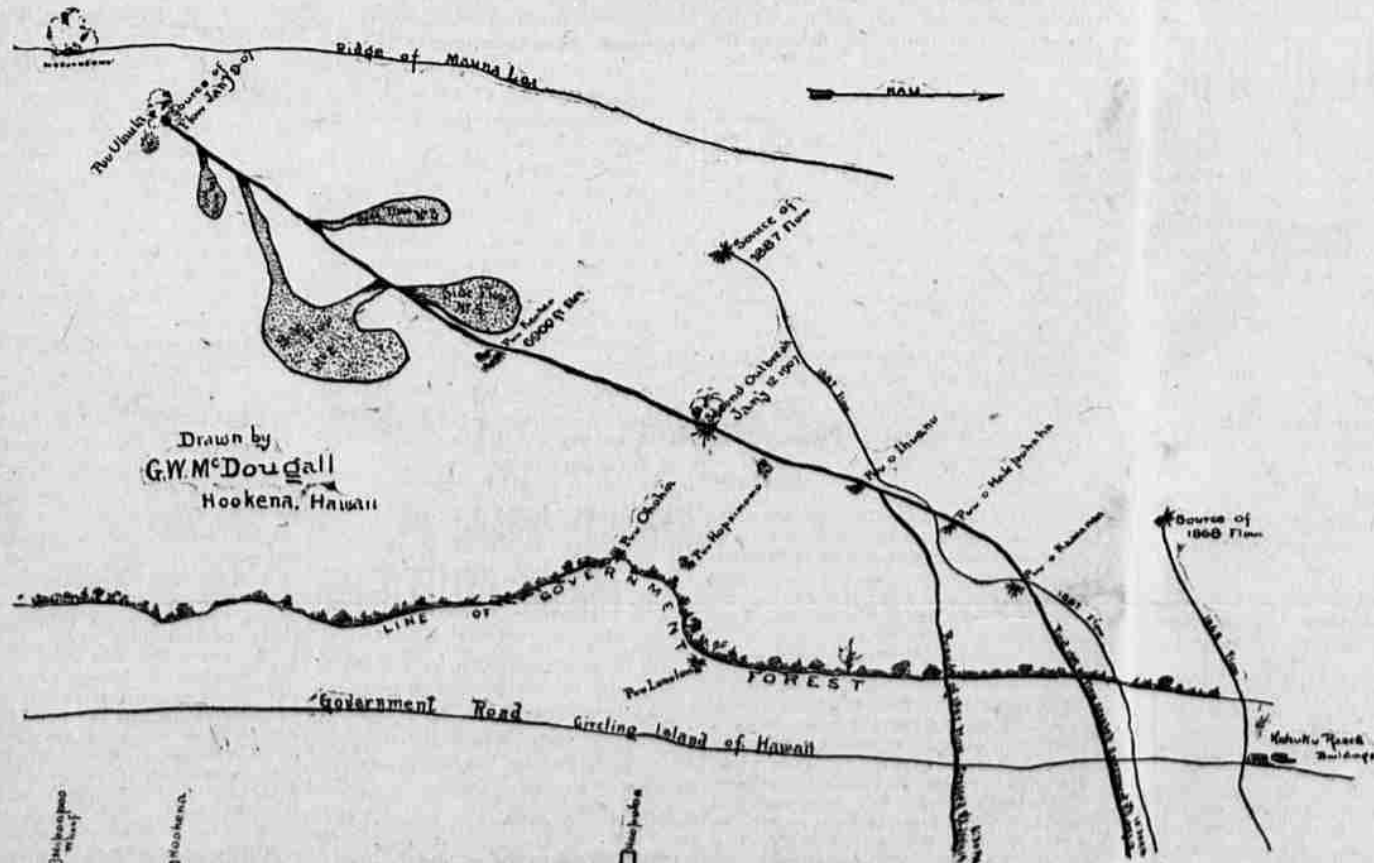
SALONICA, Turkey, January 29.—Two houses filled with people were burned here yesterday, the buildings having been set on fire by Greeks.

LAST NIGHT'S MOON ECLIPSE

The eclipse of the moon, which began at two o'clock this morning and continued until the full circle had been

almost completely covered, could be watched with great advantage, the night being clear, not a cloud being observable in the heavens. As the black edge crept over the moon surface, that orb seemed to increase in size, showing at the height of the eclipse as a huge, angry-red ball. When the eclipse first began the moon was almost directly overhead.

THE FLOW OF 1907.



SOURCE OF THE GREAT FLOW.

This was drawn by Geo. W. McDougall after a visit to the source of the flow. It was first thought that the outbreak was about where the one of 1887 occurred but an investigation by Mr. McDougall proves that it started nearer the top of the mountain and not far from Makua-weowe.